

Inclusion criteria:

- < 18 years of age
- If ≥ 18 years of age, contact Social Work for guidance

Exclusion criteria:

- Injury due to motor vehicle or bike accident
- Non-abusive injury witnessed by multiple people
- · Injury occurring at birth

Findings Concerning for Physical Abuse *Skin*

- Any bruising on an infant < 6 months of age
- Bruising on buttocks, ear, or other suspicious area
- Burns, particularly if child is < 2 years of age

Bone

- Fracture in an infant < 1 year of age
- Fracture indicating potential abuse

Internal Injury

- Internal or abdominal injury in child < 4 years of age
- Intracranial bleeding or skull fracture in infant < 1 year of age

Other

- Injuries on a child who is non-verbal or non-mobile
- Other presentations suggestive of possible abuse without an alternative diagnosis (e.g., bite marks, isolated vomiting, seizure, apnea)

Additional Resource with Photos: VisualDx / Physical child abuse

When a Report is Needed

- A social worker will complete a PAR to document a psychosocial assessment if concern for potential abuse. A PAR is initiated whenever abuse is under consideration. A PAR does not mean a child protective services report will be made
- If a mandated reporter believes in good faith there is a reasonable cause to suspect abuse, a hotline report must be made without unnecessary delay to the appropriate state agency and/or law enforcement.

Infant, child, or adolescent with a physical injury and/or other indication of abuse presents to any care setting



mobile view

Initial Evaluation

- Stabilize as needed prior to further evaluation (if severe injury)
- Complete a well-documented history and physical
 - Have parent or caregiver provide a narrative without interruptions
 - Document any skin findings via Multimedia Photo Capture app (or similar resource, if outside of Children's Mercy)
- Clearly communicate process with families
 - Scripts for Communicating with Children and Families
 - Provider Education Video (available for Children's Mercy providers through the Child Abuse Toolkit)
- Providers outside of Children's Mercy, contact SCAN Physician OnCall through 1-800-GOMERCY (1-800-466-3729) to discuss process based on resources available

Engage Social Work

(Social Work Education Video)

- Page social work to discuss concerns and place consult order
- Social Work to complete Patient At Risk (PAR) Assessment
- Consider on-site Safety Plan (1:1 observation and/or visitor restrictions, refer to <u>Social Work process</u> for details)

A PAR does not mean a child protective services report will be made

Diagnostic Evaluation

- See <u>Diagnostic Testing for Occult Injury</u> algorithm
- Contact SCAN Physician via Web OnCall for any questions regarding medical evaluation or diagnostic uncertainty

Ensure closed loop communication with all teams involved

Determine if a report to child protective services and/or law enforcement is needed

Determining Disposition

If questions, contact SCAN Physician regarding disposition

- Social Work: If a report was made to a state agency, determine need for discharge safety plan
- Provider: If additional diagnostic testing is needed, determine if it will be completed outpatient by SCAN, or if transfer to ED or inpatient is required
- Trauma Surgery: If being admitted for acute physical injury, consult Trauma Surgery via Web OnCall

Discharge home

- · Communicate findings and follow-up plan with family
- If Safety Plan is needed, finalize **BEFORE** discharge
- Communicate plan with PCP

Transfer to ED and/or Admit

- Communicate findings and disposition to family
- Contact SCAN Physician, if not already involved
- If patient requires admission, admit to Trauma Surgery (or other surgical service), unless otherwise directed by Trauma
- If already admitted to a non-surgical service, consult Trauma Surgery and transfer if needed

Abbreviations:

SCAN = Safety, Care, and Nurturing PAR = Patient At Risk Assessment

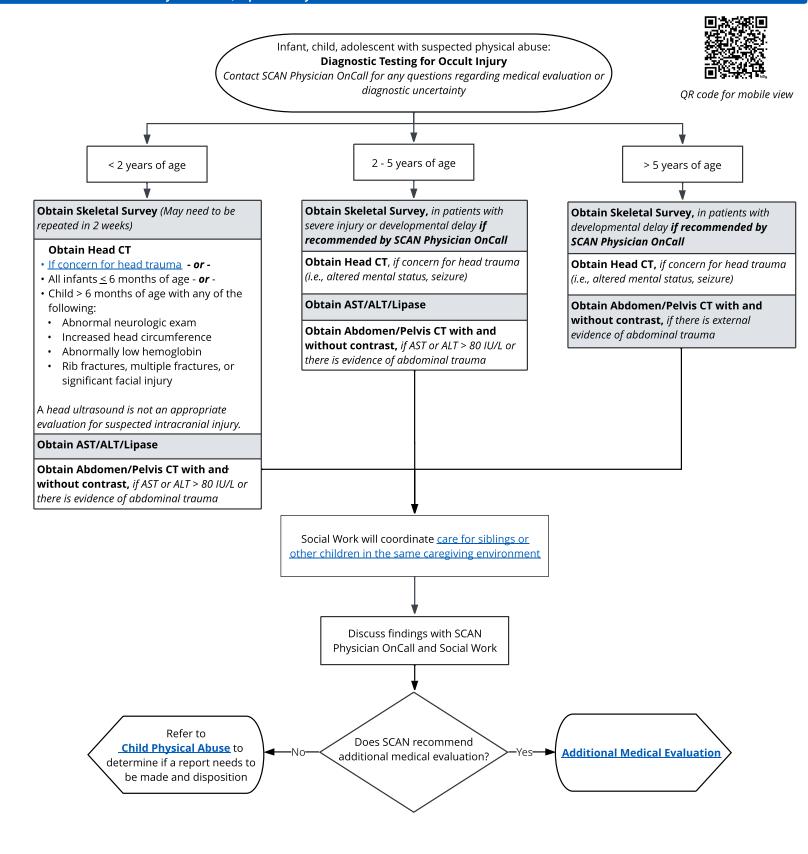
Contact: EvidenceBasedPractice @cmh.edu

Link to synopsis and references

Last Updated: 08.14.2024

Associated Power Plans: EDP Physical Abuse; Inpatient Physical Abuse





Abbreviations:

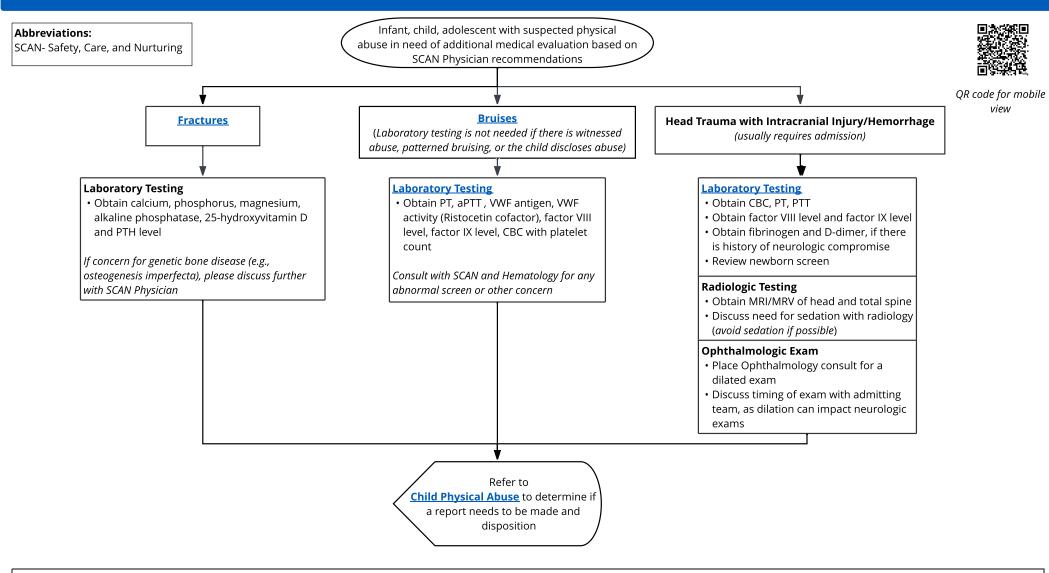
SCAN- Safety, Care, and Nurturing

Child Physical Abuse: Additional Medical Evaluation

Associated Power Plans: EDP Physical Abuse; Inpatient Physical Abuse



Evidence Based Practice



References

Anderst, J., Carpenter, S. L., Abshire, T. C., Killough, E., the American Academy of Pediatrics Section on Hematology/Oncology, the American Society of Pediatric Hematology/Oncology, & the American Academy of Pediatrics Council on Child Abuse and Neglect. (2022). Evaluation for bleeding disorders in suspected child abuse. *Pediatrics*, 150(4), e2022059276. https://doi.org/10.1542/peds.2022-059276

Christian, C. W., & the Committee on Child Abuse and Neglect, American Academy of Pediatrics. (2015). The evaluation and treatment of suspected child physical abuse. *Pediatrics*, 135(5), e1337-e1354. https://doi.org/10.1542/peds.2015-0356

Narang, S. K., Fingarson, A., Lukefahr, J., & the American Academy of Pediatrics Council on Child Abuse and Neglect (2020). Abusive Head Trauma in Infants and Children, *Pediatrics*, 145(4), e20200203. https://doi.org/10.1542/peds.2020-0203

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